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Contractor (Authorized Signature)



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VOC REMEDIATION AREA SHALLOW SOIL RESULTS for RISC CALCULATIONS CONTINENTAL STEEL SUPERFUND SITE MAIN PLANT AREA (OU5) REMEDIAL ACTION WEST MARKLAND AVENUE KOKOMO, INDIANA KERAMIDA PROJECT NO. 11655

Submitted to:

INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

Ms. Pat Likins, Project Manager Superfund Section Office of Land Quality 100 North Senate Avenue Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-6015

Submitted for:

CONTINENTAL STEEL SUPERFUND SITE REMEDIAL ACTION

West Markland Avenue Kokomo, Indiana

Submitted By:

to be in compliance with the Contract Documents.

January 23, 2007 Revised February 18, 2007

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West Markland Avenue

Kokomo, Indiana

Submitted by:

KERAMIDA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.

401 North College Avenue Indianapolis, Indiana 46202

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Scott Randall, L.P.G., C.H.M.M.

Senior Project Manager

January 23, 2007 Revised February 18, 2007

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VOC REMEDIATION AREA SHALLOW SOIL RESULTS for RISC CALCULATIONS CONTINENTAL STEEL SUPERFUND SITE MAIN PLANT AREA (OU5) REMEDIAL ACTION WEST MARKLAND AVENUE KOKOMO, INDIANA KERAMIDA PROJECT NO. 11655

1.0 INTRODUCTION

KERAMIDA Environmental, Inc. (KERAMIDA) prepared a Soil Removal Sampling Work Plan to collect data from the top two feet of the volatile organic compound (VOC) impacted area of the site at the Continental Steel Superfund Site (Site) located on West Markland Avenue, Kokomo, Howard County, Indiana, shown in Figure 1. The purposed of the data collection was to determine if this shallow soil horizon was collectively below the remediation goal of this project, and could subsequently be excavated and moved to the designated fill area of the site. RISC guidelines were used to collect and evaluate the data. Regulatory management of the Site is through the Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM) Federal Programs Section.

The contaminants of concern (COC) identified in VOC Remediation Area are trichloroethene (TCE) and its degradation products cis- and trans-1,2-dichloroethene (1,2-DCE) and vinyl chloride (VC). The VOC remediation goal (RG) for soil in the VOC Remediation Area is 1,000 ug/kg.

2.0 VOC REMEDIATION AREA DESCRIPTION

The Main Plant Operable Unit 5 (OU5) consisted of three tracts of land comprising approximately 100 acres. The Superfund area of the Site consists of 94 acres. The VOC Remediation Area as preliminarily delineated consisted of an inverted "L" shaped area south of West Markland Avenue and east of Park Avenue. The VOC Remediation Area originally extended south along Park Avenue approximately 540 feet south of the West Markland Avenue – Park Avenue intersection and 200 feet east of the intersection along West Markland Avenue.

The remediation area extended from the south and east edges, respectively of West Markland Avenue and Park Avenue approximately 75 feet into the Site.

3.0 FIELD METHODOLOGIES AND RESULTS

Following RISC guidelines, fourteen samples would be required for an area this size to determine if the shallow soil horizon, collectively, would be classified as below the RG. A previous geoprobe investigation during this project had collected four shallow soil samples that could be used in this analysis, so ten additional samples would be required by RISC. IDEM requested an additional seven samples be collected to add additional validity to the RISC determination. Seventeen borings were completed at the locations shown on Figure 1. Locations of these boring were determined using a random number generator and a grid system over the VOC area. Further details are available in the Sampling Plan. The borings were advanced using a Geoprobe® push-probe rig mounted on a Bobcat. Borings were advanced to a two foot depth. The soil core and liner were extracted from the core barrel, labeled, and set aside until all sample depth intervals had been retrieved. The liners were then split open sequentially to expose the soil cores. The soil cores were immediately scanned for organic vapors at a one-foot interval using a photo-ionization detector (PID). Upon completion, the borings will be filled with bentonite and hydrated. Each boring location was marked with a stake and flagging and identified by a unique designation that corresponded to the sampling node.

4.0 RESULTS, STATISTICAL ANALYSIS, AND CONCLUSION

VOC soil analytical results for shallow soils are presented in Table 1. Results indicate that the average of all shallow soil samples exceeds the RG for the site and statistical analysis of the data following RISC guidelines indicate that the 95% confidence interval (attachment 1) also exceeds the RG for the site. However, the average for all shallow soil sampling points north of Node 303 is below the RG and statistical analysis of the data following RISC guidelines for all sampling points north of Node 303 indicate that the 95% confidence interval (attachment 2) is also below the RG for the site. More specific discussion of the statistical analysis follow.

The statistical evaluation was performed using Pro UCL, a statistical software package developed by the USEPA. The data was evaluated in two sets:

- 1. All of the analytical data (attachment 1).
- 2. From Node 303 north to West Markland Avenue (attachment 2).

Each data set consisted of "Total VOCs" determined by adding together the results for trichloroethene (TCE), *cis*-1,2-dichloroethene (1,2DCE), and vinyl chloride (VC) as determined at each sample point. If a compound was not detected, a concentration equal to one half the detection limit (DL) was used in the Total VOCs sum. This method had the greatest effect on the results for Node 322, increasing the Total VOC concentration approximately 10 percent. Each data set was analyzed to determine the distributional model appropriate to use as a statistical test. The set composed of all the analytical data has a non-parametric distribution. The mean is 3,069 which exceeds the Remedial Goal (RG) of 1,000 micrograms per kilogram (ug/kg). The data set composed of the results north of Node 303 has a lognormal distribution. The arithmetic mean of the data is 283.5385. The calculated 95% Chebyshev (MVUE) upper confidence limit is 577.8234. This result is below the RG of 1,000 ug/kg. The printouts from Pro UCL for both sets of data are attached.

Subsequent data validation of the original geoprobe sampling points labeled KB-1, KB-2, KB-3 etc. indicated that one of the points used in the above calculations, KB-4, reported result was outside of the calibration range and therefore was a estimated value and could have been reported lower than actual concentration. To insure the health and safety of future users of this property the decision was made to leave KB-4 and the surrounding area in place also for subsequent VOC remediation and potential off-site disposal if other impacts are present after VOC remediation.

Using the results from straight averaging of the sample results, statistical analysis according to RISC, data validation, and discussions with IDEM representatives on site, it has been determined that the zero to two foot interval of soil in the original VOC area north of Node 303 and South of Node 117 can be removed and transported to the designated fill area on-site. Additionally it was determined that the zero to two foot interval of soil in the original VOC area east of Node 9 can be removed and transported to the designated fill area on-site. The shallow soil to the south of

Node 303, north of Node 117, and west of Node 9 will remain in place and be treated during the VOC remediation in that area. Final disposition of the shallow soil left in place will be determined after post remediation sampling for PNAs and heavy metals are collected and analyzed.

FIGURE 1

Results of Shallow Soil Samples in VOC Remediation Area

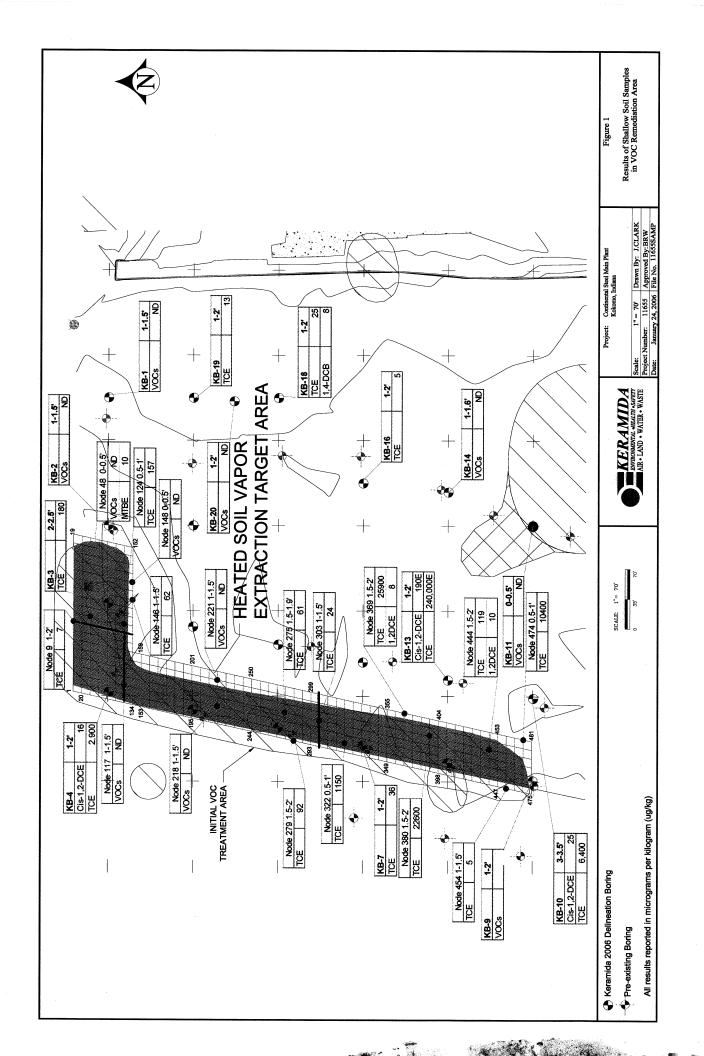


TABLE 1

Results of Shallow Soil Samples in VOC Remediation Area (ug/kg)

Table 1

Results of Shallow Soil Samples in VOC Remediation Area (ug/kg) Continental Steel Superfund Site Main Site Area (OU5) Remedial Action 1302 South Park Avenue Kokomo, Indiana KERAMIDA Project No. 11655

| Sample Location | Sample Depth | Trichloroethene (ug/Kg) | Cis-1,2- Dichloroethene (ug/Kg) | Vinyl Chloride (ug/Kg) | Total VOCs (ug/Kg) ¹ |
|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| KB-3 | 2-2.5 | 180 | <7 | <7 | 187 |
| KB-4 | 1-2 | 2,900 | 16 | <250 | 3,041 |
| KB-7 | 1-2 | 36 | <8 | <8 | 42 |
| KB-9 | 1-2 | 7 | <4 | <4 | 11 |
| Node 9 | 1-2 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 11 |
| Node 48 | 0-0.5 | <4 | <4 | <2 | 5 |
| Node 117 | 1-1,5 | <5 | <5 | <2 | 6 |
| Node 124 | 0.5-1 | 157 | <8 | <3 | 163 |
| Node 146 | 1-1.5 | 62 | <9 | <4 | 69 |
| Node 148 | 0-0.5 | <4 | <4 | <2 | 5 |
| Node 218 | 1-1.5 | <5 | <5 | <2 | 6 |
| Node 221 | 1-1.5 | <5 | <5 | <2 | 6 |
| Node 275 | 1.5-1.9 | 61 | <5 | <2 | 65 |
| Node 279 | 1.5-2 | 92 | <6 | <2 | 96 |
| Node 303 | 1-1.5 | 24 | <5 | <2 | 28 |
| Node322 | 0.5-1 | 1,150 | <220 | <89 | 1,304.5 |
| Node 369 | 1.5-2 | 25,900 | 8 | <2 | 25,909 |
| Node 380 | 1.5-2 | 22,600 | <240 | <98 | 22,769 |
| Node 444 | 1.5-2 | 119 | 10 | <2 | 130 |
| Node 454 | 1-1.5 | 5 | <4 | <2 | 8 |
| Node 474 | 0.5-1 | 10,400 | <280 | <110 | 10,595 |

¹ Results equal detections plus 1/2 detection limits of non-detections.

| Total of all Shallow Samples | 64,455 |
|--------------------------------|--------|
| Average of all Shallow Samples | 3,069 |

| Total of all Shallow Samples from Node 303 and North | 3,739 |
|--|-------|
| Average of all Shallow Soils from Node 303 and North | 249 |

| Remediation Goal 1,000 | ı |
|------------------------|---|

- Exceeds Remediation Goal

ATTACHMENT 1

Statistical Analysis of Entire Data Set

General Statistics

| | Statistical An | alysis of Entire Data Set | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|---|-----------|
| Raw Statistics | | Normal Distribution Test | |
| Number of Valid Samples 21 | | Shapiro-Wilk Test Statisitic | 0.4715408 |
| Number of Unique Samples | | Shapiro-Wilk 5% Critical Value | 0.908 |
| Minimum | 5 | Data not normal at 5% significance level | 0,300 |
| Maximum | 25909 | | |
| Mean | 3069.2143 | 95% UCL (Assuming Normal Distribut | tion) |
| Median 64.5 | | Student's-t UCL | 5879.6062 |
| Standard Deviation | 7467.2109 | | |
| Variance | 55759239 | Gamma Distribution Test | |
| Coefficient of Variation | 2.4329389 | A-D Test Statistic | 2.3027105 |
| Skewness | 2.593556 | A-D 5% Critical Value | 0.8862053 |
| : | | K-S Test Statistic | 0.3243929 |
| Gamma Statistics | | K-S 5% Critical Value | 0.2093164 |
| k hat | 0.2091322 | Data do not follow gamma distribution | |
| k star (bias corrected) | 0.2110022 | at 5% significance level | |
| Theta hat | 14675.952 | | |
| Theta star | 14545.887 | 95% UCLs (Assuming Gamma Distribution | on) |
| nu hat | 8.7835526 | Approximate Gamma UCL | 8386.8804 |
| nu star | 8.8620927 | Adjusted Gamma UCL | 9107.5777 |
| Approx.Chi Square Value (.05) | 3.2431202 | 3 | |
| Adjusted Level of Significance | 0.0383 | Lognormal Distribution Test | |
| Adjusted Chi Square Value | 2.9864869 | Shapiro-Wilk Test Statisitic | 0.8683695 |
| 1 | | Shapiro-Wilk 5% Critical Value | 0.908 |
| Log-transformed Statistics | | Data not lognormal at 5% significance level | I |
| Minimum of log data | 1.6094379 | | |
| Maximum of log data | 10.162346 | 95% UCLs (Assuming Lognormal Distrib | bution) |
| Mean of log data | 4.5347741 | 95% H-UCL | 191882.89 |
| Standard Deviation of log data | 2.8455435 | 95% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL | 11637.112 |
| Variance of log data | 8.0971178 | 97.5% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL | 15501.473 |
| | | 99% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL | 23092.261 |
| <u> </u> | | | |
| | | 95% Non-parametric UCLs | |
| | | CLT UCL | 5749.4687 |
| | | Adj-CLT UCL (Adjusted for skewness) | 6734.8747 |
| | | Mod-t UCL (Adjusted for skewness) | 6033.3096 |
| | | Jackknife UCL | 5879.6062 |
| | | Standard Bootstrap UCL | 5660.8443 |
| | | Bootstrap-t UCL | 20518.879 |
| RECOMMENDATION | | Hall's Bootstrap UCL | 6902.1349 |
| Data are Non-parametric (0.05) | | Percentile Bootstrap UCL | 5944.0952 |
| | | BCA Bootstrap UCL | 7098.7381 |
| Use 99% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd |) UCL | 95% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL | 10171.949 |
| | | 97.5% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL | 13245.307 |
| | | 99% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL | 19282.33 |

ATTACHMENT 2

Statistical Analysis of Data Set North of Node 303

General Statistics

| Stat | istical Analysis | of Data Set North of Node 303 | |
|--------------------------------|------------------|---|-----------|
| Raw Statistics | T | Normal Distribution Test | |
| Number of Valid Samples | 13 | Shapiro-Wilk Test Statisitic | 0.3698881 |
| Number of Unique Samples | 10 | Shapiro-Wilk 5% Critical Value | 0.866 |
| Minimum | 5 | Data not normal at 5% significance level | 0.000 |
| Maximum | 3041 | But not normal at 370 diginiteance level | |
| Mean | 283.53846 | 95% UCL (Assuming Normal Distributi | ion) |
| Median | 27.5 | Student's-t UCL | 694.22481 |
| Standard Deviation | 830.81472 | Student's CCD | 074.22401 |
| Variance | 690253.1 | Gamma Distribution Test | |
| Coefficient of Variation | 2.9301659 | A-D Test Statistic | 1.5265956 |
| Skewness | 3.5707864 | A-D 5% Critical Value | 0.8259918 |
| DRC WIESS | 3.3707804 | K-S Test Statistic | 0.8239918 |
| Gamma Statistics | | K-S 5% Critical Value | 0.255716 |
| k hat | 0.3191125 | Data do not follow gamma distribution | 0.233710 |
| k star (bias corrected) | 0.2967532 | at 5% significance level | · · · · I |
| Theta hat | 888.52208 | at 376 significance level | |
| Theta star | | 050/ LICLs (Assuming Comman Distribution | |
| nu hat | 955.46902 | 95% UCLs (Assuming Gamma Distribution | |
| | 8.2969238 | Approximate Gamma UCL Adjusted Gamma UCL | 850.97118 |
| nu star | 7.7155824 | Adjusted Gamma UCL | 1009.3063 |
| Approx.Chi Square Value (.05) | 2.5707855 | I ID' ('I d' m) | |
| Adjusted Level of Significance | 0.03009 | Lognormal Distribution Test | 0.000101 |
| Adjusted Chi Square Value | 2.167493 | Shapiro-Wilk Test Statisitic | 0.8699191 |
| Y | | Shapiro-Wilk 5% Critical Value | 0.866 |
| Log-transformed Statistics | | Data are lognormal at 5% significance level | |
| Minimum of log data | 1.6094379 | | |
| Maximum of log data | 8.0199417 | 95% UCLs (Assuming Lognormal Distrib | |
| Mean of log data | 3.5081393 | 95% H-UCL | 3067.4291 |
| Standard Deviation of log data | 1.9410788 | 95% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL | 577.82336 |
| Variance of log data | 3.7677867 | 97.5% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCL | 758.47822 |
| | | 99% Che | 1113.3397 |
| | | 95% Non-parametric UCLs | |
| | | CLT UCL | 662.5564 |
| | | Adj-CLT UCL (Adjusted for skewness) | 906.3965 |
| | | Mod-t UCL (Adjusted for skewness) | 732.25893 |
| | | Jackknife UCL | 694.22481 |
| | | Standard Bootstrap UCL | 646.20575 |
| | | Bootstrap-t UCL | 4611.2937 |
| RECOMMENDATION | | Hall's Bootstrap UCL | 2750.0072 |
| Data are lognormal (0.05) | | Percentile Bootstrap UCL | 731.65385 |
| - | | BCA Bootstrap UCL | 966.61538 |
| Use 99% Chebyshev (MVUE) UCI | | 95% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL | 1287.9445 |
| | | 97.5% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL | 1722.5518 |
| | | 99% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL | 2576.2536 |